

KILNALECK

Revitalising Cavan's Towns and Villages

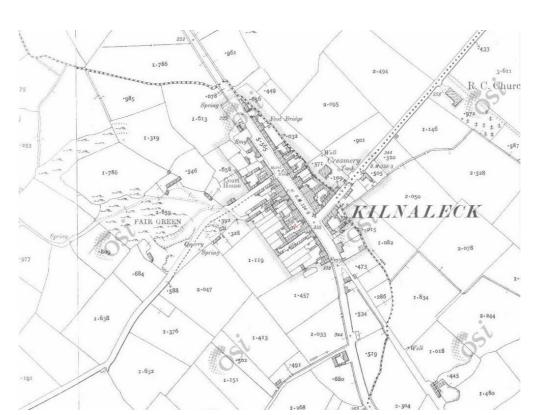


History

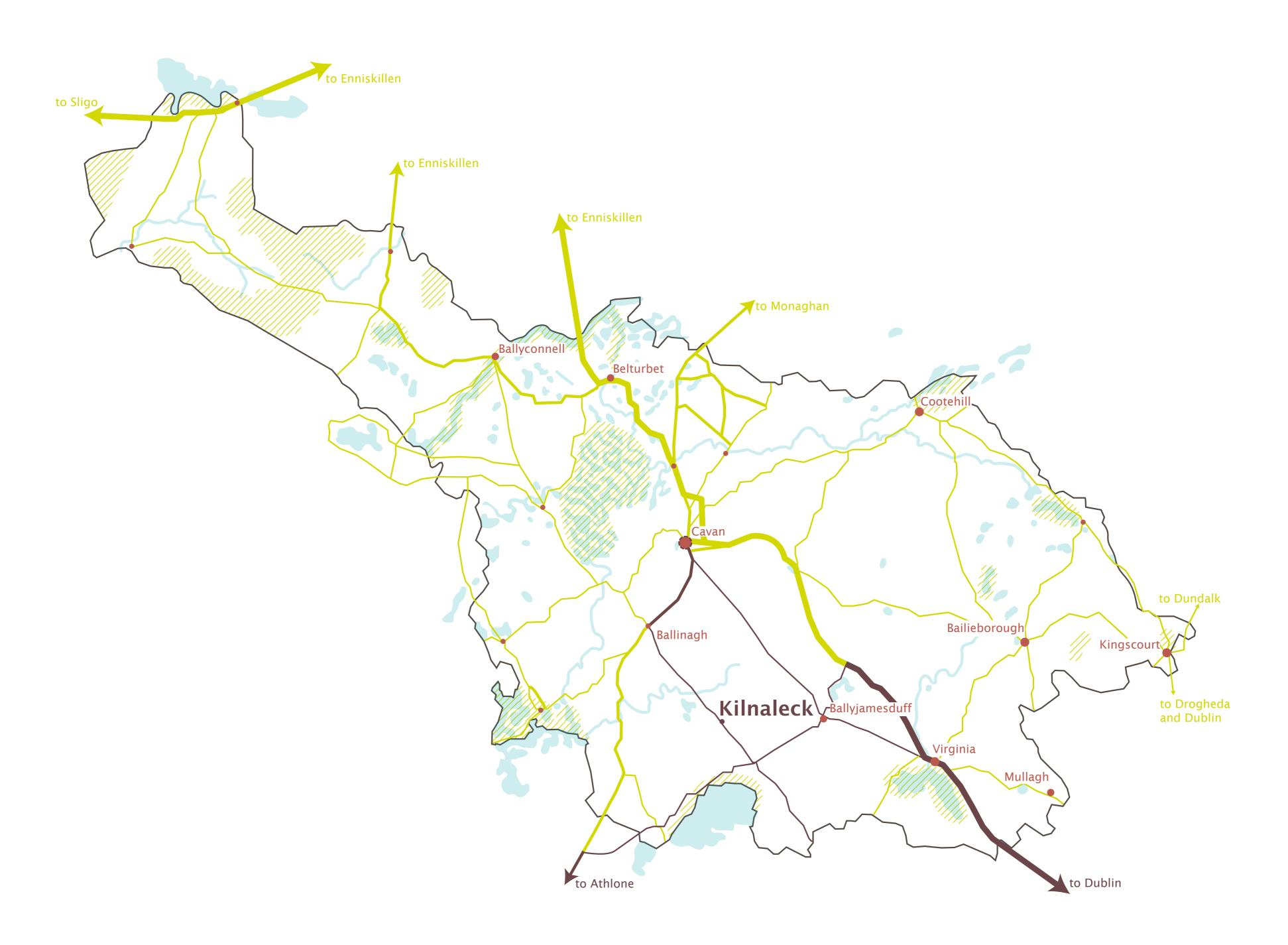
Historically Kilnaleck was once the centre of a mining boom when in 1879 some local businessmen and a school headmaster decided to develop the coal that existed nearby. However, the coal was very deep and hard to extract and the mine was forced to close.



Maps from 1800, 1900 and 2017







Precedents



Green space improvements





Introduction of walking trails



Equestrian facilities investment



Constraints

Weaknesses

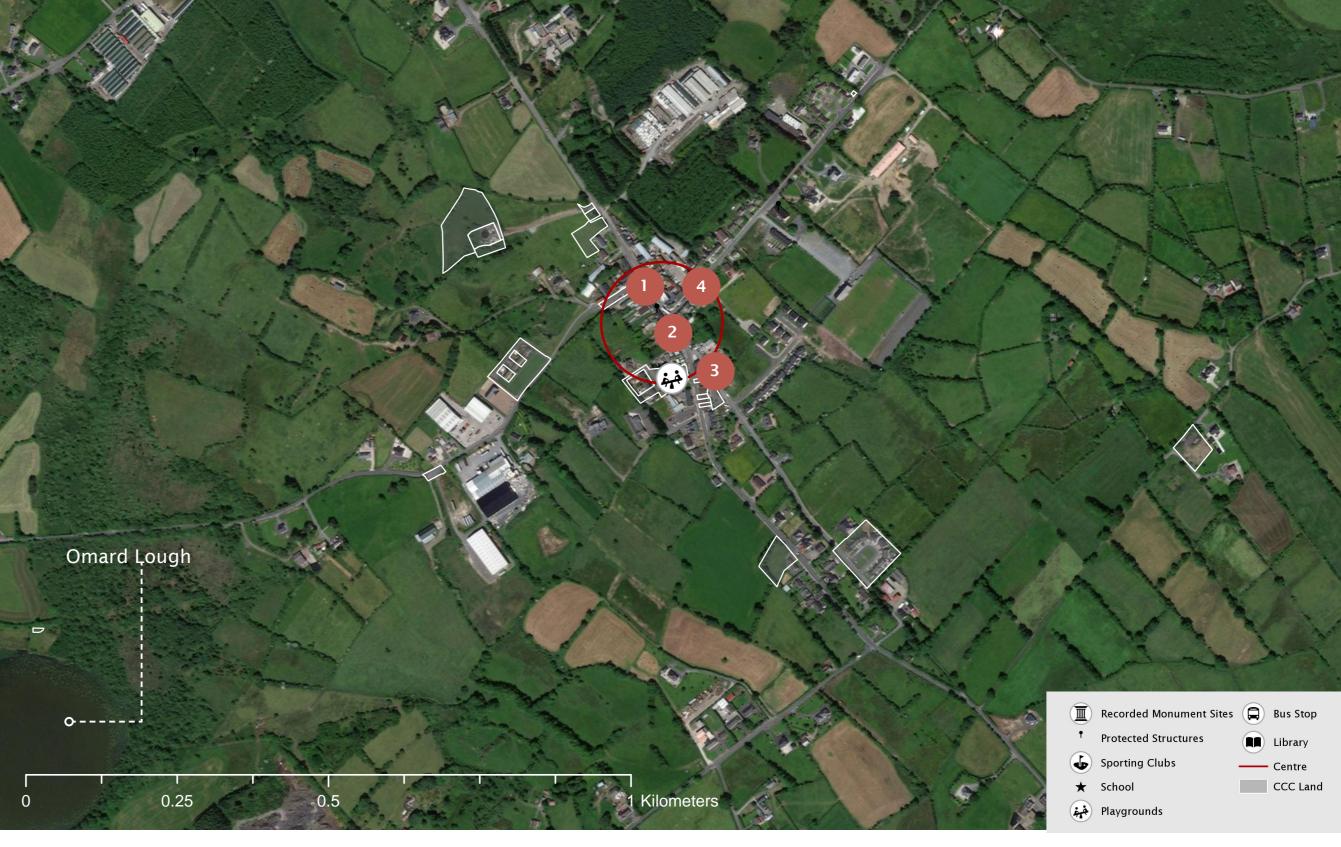
// Wide roads and narrow pavements enclosed with parked cars creates an unpleasant pedestrian experience.

// The lack of trees, grass and plants in the town centre creates a very dull and lifeless atmosphere.

Threats /
Challenges

// Entry and exit points to and from Kilnaleck could be designed to help with orientation

4 // Dilapidated and derelict buildings create a sense of absence











Narrow pavements

Lack of planting / greenery

Entry and exit points

Dilapidated buildings

Opportunities

Strengths

1 // A cluster of Industrial / Manufacturing units to the South West provide strong initiative and employment opportunities.

2 // Kilnaleck is home to Crosserlough GFC and Innyvale AC is based out of the GAA grounds in Kilnaleck.

// Kilnaleck also has equestrian facilities



3 // The area around the existing Roman Catholic church can be improved for public accessibility and public realm

// The area around Lough Omard with existing woodlands and Quarry have potential to offer walking trails that connect to the village

// The secluded-hidden character of this settlement with its equestrian facilities has potential to form a strong tourism offer.







Crosserlough GFC





Industrial / Warehouse employment

Kilnaleck Roman Catholic Church

Investment / redevelopments